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Continuation of the Packet from Parnaſſus.

News from FRANCE.

THAT Policy did not die with *Richlieu* and *Mazarin*, nor Ambition with *Louis le Grand*. That what is got by Craft muſt be held by Force, and what is got by Force muſt be held by Craft. That to keep the People poor, is the beſt Method to make them Soldiers, and to make them Soldiers, the right Diſcipline to continue them Slaves. That the Prince is the Soul of the People, and that if the Soul is at Eaſe, no Matter for the Body. That the Name of a *Frenchman* carries Terror through *Europe*, and that the *Greek* and *Roman* are hardly ſuperior.

That new Friends are to be judg'd like new Wine, the hard and harſh prove beſt, and the moſt pleaſing are the leaſt laſting. That an Enemy fierce at the Onſet, is like a Torrent after a Shower, irreſiſtible at firſt, and then to be paſt dry-foot. That Mens Minds are to be underſtood by their Cloaths; if the laſt are variable, apiſh and affected, 'tis a Miracle if the firſt is otherwiſe. That Vanity, Faſhions, and *Lues venerea* are about to quit their native Air to be naturaliz'd in *England*. That the Wounds of antient Enemies are ſeldom ſo well heal'd, but the Scars lie open to Memory. That the Faults of Princes are puniſh'd by the Imitation of their Subjects, ſo apt are ill Examples to recoil on thoſe who ſet them firſt. And that when Kings hear Truth, 'tis more for the Speaker's Advantage than their own.

From SPAIN.

THAT too many Princes are ſometimes as great a Curſe to a Nation, as too few. That Men will be wanting ſooner than Money. That too violent Exerciſe agrees but ill with a conſumptive Body, and that, when Nouriſhment runs to the Extreams, the Heart muſt languiſh for want of it. That too much Land is a greater Curſe than too little, and a ſmall flouriſhing Commonwealth to be preferr'd to an over-grown declining Monarchy.

That the neareſt Way to the Riches of the *Indies* is to deſpiſe them. That they who make the moſt afraid, have Reaſon to be afraid the moſt. That Pride is more hurt by Neglect, than Oppoſition. That Greatneſs labours its own Deſtruction. That obſolete Titles and Claims rather expoſe Ambition than excuſe it. That ſuch cobweb Pretences bear the ſame Compariſon to open Violence, that picking of Pockets does to robbing on the Highway. That thoſe are the firſt to tyrannize over others, who, by ſuffering Injuries, have learn'd to offer them. That Ambition, like a blinded Hawk, flies up, only to fall down; that it forgets whence it roſe, and is forgot when humbled again. That even Galley Slaves, deſpiſing their Chains, are free in Bondage. That to be ſlow in military Affairs, is to be ſo courteous, as to give Way to the Enemy. That Lightning and Greatneſs often threaten, but ſeldom hurt. That *Gibraltar* gives the Lye to the *Spaniſh* Motto, and is literally the *Ne plus ultra* to their Conqueſts. That the *Moors* might very well laugh to ſee them undertake ſo much on their Shore, when they had left ſo much to do on their own. That the Humour of *Don Quixot* ſeems to have poſſeſs'd the Nation, and *Naples* and *Sicily* were political Windmills, which they miſtook for Giants and Monſters. That when the Lion ſleeps an Aſs may wear his Skin. That *Cadiz* is but a Warehouſe for the reſt of *Europe*; and *Spain* the Thoroughfare from the *Weſt-Indies*, to all the neighbouring Nations.

From PORTUGAL.

THAT Superſtition quarrels with itſelf, and 'tis as dangerous to profeſs the *Jewiſh* Religion, as no Religion at all. That tho' Prieſts eſpouſe their Mother-Church in Defiance of the World, they make no Scruple of oppoſing it, to ſerve their own private Intereſts. That Kings have much Humility in giving up any Part of their Power to the Clergy, and the Clergy as much Pride in accepting it. That Eccleſiaſtick Tyranny is the worſt Tyranny, and Hell itſelf not half ſo terrible as the Inquiſition.

That the *Portugueſe* Gold is as volatile as *Mercury*, and the Penalty of Death itſelf can't hinder it from viſiting its Neighbours. That Ambition is forgot in *Liſbon*, and Arms of no Uſe but in private Quarrels. That theſe two Articles are very well known in *Spain*, or that Court would not be quite ſo hot on their foreign Conqueſts. That the Quarrel of his *Portugueſe* Majeſty with his Holineſs, ſhould have given his People more real Joy than the Diſcovery of ten Rivers of Diamonds more rich than that of *Janeiro*.

From HOLLAND.

THAT the latter End of a Feaſt is better than the Beginning of a Fray. That when your Neighbour's Houſe is a-fire it's Time to take Care of your own. That Charity begins at home. That Intereſt is the only univerſal Religion. That all, who are not of that Faith, are Fools. That 'tis Peace with the *Engliſh* at the *Hague*, and War on the Exchange at *Amſterdam*. That thoſe who have any Thing to do with Humanity and Generoſity are Loſers by the Trade, That Self is the firſt and laſt Thing to be conſider'd. That more Eſtates are ſav'd than got. That Frugality is the Sum of all Virtues. That Gentility is a Name: And Poverty the worſt Infamy. That Fame is not to be found in the Exchange-Liſt, of Courſe 'tis of no Value. That the firſt Principle of Liberty is not to truſt it in any Body's Power but your own. That the Princes of *Orange* are to be ſuſpected, becauſe they have been ſerviceable to the State: And they that have Power to do Good, may do Harm. That a Creditor is ever to be look'd upon as an Enemy. That to drive a Man to Deſpair, is to put your own Life in his Power. That ſlighted Dangers are neareſt, and do moſt Miſchief. That ſince Pity lives next Door to Miſery, 'tis beſt to be in the Neighbourhood of Envy. That they are wiſeſt who in a Calm provide againſt a Storm: And that the Fortune of War is too variable to be truſted.

From FLANDERS.

THAT the preſent Neutrality it enjoys, looks but like reſerving the moſt delicious Morſel for the laſt. That to fear an Evil is to feel it. That Riches, Beauty, or Conveniences, are but ſo many Snares to the Poſſeſſor. That Happineſs may be eaſier found in *Switzerland*, than the moſt delicious Vales of *Italy*. That a cool Friend is more than half an Enemy; and an incroaching Neighbour little better than a real Maſter.

From GERMANY.

THAT to be a King of Kings is to have a gawdy Title, and no Power. And that Princes are the worſt Subjects in the World. That a Number of divided Intereſts are like a large River fluic'd into ſeveral little Channels, troubleſome and uſeleſs. That a Union in Name only, is like a formidable Liſt of Horſe and Foot that have a Being no where elſe. That Ambition often graſps at a Shadow. That 'tis more prudent to preſerve than conquer. That a large Body requires an active Soul, or one Part may be deſtroy'd, before the other can be ready to defend it. That a Number of Heads make a Monſter, and the Defection of one indangers them all. That the Pillar at *Blenheim* is much out of Repair; and the late Victories of the Allies are talk'd of as Things done Time out of Mind.

That while Drunkenneſs is ſtil'd Good Fellowſhip, no Body will be aſham'd on't; and Cuſtom will make a common Blot no Stain. That to be ſurrounded with Enemies is to be always in Danger, and, when one declares, the reſt are to be fear'd. That Statesmen, who are afraid of all Things, will guard againſt nothing. That an old Heroe cannot die too ſoon, and may live too long. That an Army is ill employ'd, that is not employ'd at all; and they who have the moſt Reaſon to be diſſatisfy'd with the late Campaign, have leaſt Reaſon to wiſh for another.

From POLAND.

THAT every new King is a Harveſt to the Nobles, and a Plague to the People. That one would think GOD gave all Kings here, as he did the firſt to the *Jews*, *for a Curſe*. That the Vanity of a Vote to confer Majeſty, is no better than having a Licenſe to put on our own Fetters. That ſuch a Liberty is the worſt Slavery. That between two Sovereigns, Allegiance is loſt. That the *Ruſſians* and *French* might have ſav'd the Trouble of the *Diet*, and the Field of Election ſhould have been the Field of the Battle. That to be twice a King is to be once a Wretch. That a Son ſhould grow wiſe by his Father's Misfortunes. That a ſmall Inheritance is better than a mighty Claim. That an Interregnum is Anarchy in Diſguiſe. That a poor Nobility love to fiſh in troubled Waters, and the People are but the Baits on both Sides.

From NAPLES.

THAT a fine Morning may be follow'd by a bad Day. That a Conqueſt is like taming a Tyger, which will fawn upon his Keeper, till he has Opportunity to deſtroy him. That the People here are like Men at Sea in a flaming Ship, ſure either to be burnt or drown'd. That Change of Maſters is no Freedom. That whichever Side ſing *Te Deum*, they muſt anſwer with *De Profundis*. That if the Wonders which are told of the *young Chevalier* are true, he's a Diſgrace to his Family. That Ambition is a worſe Neighbour than *Veſuvio*, and War more to be dreaded than an Earthquake. That Wealth and Fertility in a Kingdom, are like Youth and Beauty in a Woman, but Attractives of Miſery and Deſtruction. But then the Woman is *kept*, and the Kingdom *keeps*.

From the Camp of the ALLIES.

THAT the King of *Sardinia* is like a Sparrow that hatches a Cuckow. That 'tis the Oppoſition of the *Imperialiſts* keeps the Allies Friends. That the united Army reſembles the Fable of the Dragon's Teeth. That the Lion will have one Half for his Prerogative, and the other becauſe 'tis his Will. That Victory is an Ubiquitarian, and was ſeen in two Places at once. That Numbers of Pretty Fellows have met with more Honour than they deſir'd. That Winter can't come too ſoon. And that the Living complain as little of the Cold as the Dead.

From the Camp of the IMPERIALISTS.

THAT the Velt Marſhal *Konigsegg* has only Count *Mercy*'s deſperate Game to finiſh. That he ſets all at every Caſt, and has little to truſt to more than that the Allies are oblig'd to ſee him out. That the late Surprize at *Guaſtalla* was a fine Stratagem: But that *Alexander*'s Advice to *Parmenio* concerning the Baggage, was intirely forgot.

A true and exact Account of the Taking and Apprehending ſeveral Sorts of Rogues, for robbing the Garden of the Rev. Dr. Swift, *D. S. P. D.*

By SOLOMON SHUTTLEWORTH, *Drapier.*

WHEREAS an Advertiſement was lately publiſhed by the Rev. Dr. *Swift*, offering a Reward of two Guineas, for the Diſcovery of thoſe who were concerned in robbing his Vineyard near S. *Kevan*'s: And,

[Price THREE HALF-PENCE.]

N. B. *Advertiſements, of a reaſonable Length, are put in this Paper at Two Shillings and Six-Pence each.*

whereas he gave a very particular Deſcription of one Perſon, ſtrongly ſuſpected of the ſaid Robbery, *viz.* that he commonly wore a very dark Wig, and had an extraordinary ill Countenance: Now, this is to acquaint the ſaid Doctor *Swift*, that I, *Solomon Shuttleworth*, Drapier (thinking it the Duty of every Native of this Kingdom, to hinder that worthy Patriot from Injuries of all Kinds) have taken a great deal of Pains to detect the Robber, by ſeizing ſeveral Perſons, who in my Opinion exactly anſwered every Part of the Deſcription.

On Monday laſt, I met a Fellow with a dark Wig, and a moſt villainous Countenance, juſt coming out of the *Tholſel*; he had, me-thought, the Look and Air, and Gait of a private Robber; I ran and ſeized him inſtantly; called for Aſſiſtance, and roared out my Reaſons for ſo doing; but I happened to be a little miſtaken in the Perſon, for the Standers-by told me, he was an Attorney at Law, in good Practice, who had no Occaſion to rob Gardens, ſince he had a more profitable Way of making Money, and with much greater Security. In the Evening I fixed on another in St. *John's Lane*, who ſeemed by the Paleneſs of his Face, the Lankneſs of his Body, and the ſheepiſh Caſt of one of his Eyes, together with a very dark Wig, to be undoubtedly the Perſon I was ſeeking. I ſeized him; he trembled, and cried that he was a Taylor, with a large Family, and ſwore that he never ſtole any Thing in that Way, during his Life.

On Thurſday laſt, I caſt my Eyes on a Fellow, who had, I think, the worſt of Countenances, wrapt up in a dark Wig; his Look expreſſed a Mixture of Inſolence and Folly, not without a ſtrong Tincture of the Highwayman in it: He ſeemed capable of the boldeſt Villainies, and at firſt Sight made me conclude him the Robber I was ſeeking. As I was running to ſecure him, a Friend of mine ſtopped me; perſuaded me to deſiſt, aſſuring me, that he knew the Fellow I was going to attack; that his Mind was ſtill worſe, if poſſible, than his Face; that he would take an Opportunity to cut my Throat in a dark Corner; that he ſeldom walked without murdering Weapons about him; and that after all, he was no Chandler, but a Common Serjeant. I wonder the King will employ ſuch ill-looking Fellows, to be a living Terror to his Majeſty's loyal Subjects.

In ſhort, having eſcaped many Dangers, by attacking Multitudes with dark Wigs, and very ill Countenances, I have, as yet, not fixed on the proper Perſon, but ſhall ſtill continue my Zeal for the Intereſt of that worthy Patriot; and, I thought it not improper to take this publick Method to teſtify it, being, his moſt

Faithful Servant,

Sept. 28, 1734. SOLOMON SHUTTLEWORTH, *Drapier.*

SATURDAY, *October* 12.

THE *Richard* and *Mary*, Capt. *Chambers*, ſailed out of the *Downs* the 4th Inſtant, bound to *Gibraltar* with Stores, and on Wedneſday put back again, having met with bad Weather, in which ſhe loſt her Main Maſt, had one Man waſhed over-board, and hath ſuſtained other Damage.

Louiſe-Adelaide of *Orleans*, Mademoiſelle *de Chartres*, third Daughter to the late Duke of *Orleans*, Regent of *France*, who was born in 1698, took ſome Diſguſt at the World in the Year 1717, and without letting any Perſon know what it was (that ever I heard of) went into the Royal Abbey of *Chelles*, where ſhe took the Habit of a Nun, and has continued there ever ſince; but not as a private Nun; for upon the Death of the Lady *Abbeſs* ſome Years ago, her Highneſs was made Lady *Abbeſs* of *Chelles*. However, about two Years ago, this Lady would needs reſign the Government of that Houſe; but the King did not accept of her Reſignation, thinking a little Time might alter her Sentiments. The contrary now appearing, and no Arguments proving ſtrong enough to prevail with her not to live like a private Nun, his Majeſty has nominated Mademoiſelle *de Clermont*, Siſter to the Duke of *Orleans* Maſter of the Horſe, Abbeſs of that Abbey in her ſtead.

The Great Prior of *France* has met with a terrible Rebuff. He is a Natural Son of the late Duke of *Orleans*, and was born in 1702. He is ſtyl'd *Julius Philip*, Chevalier *d'Orleans*, General of the Galleys of *France*. He had been with theſe a Trip to *Naples*, and coming back, call'd in at *Genoa*, to ſee his Half-Siſter the Princeſs of *Modena*, who was the Regent's fourth Daughter. The Prince and Princeſs of *Modena* were eaſily perſuaded to undertake the delightful Voyage to *Marſeilles*: But as no Prince is to enter another's Dominions without his Leave, the Court no ſooner heard of their Arrival, but Orders were diſpatch'd to the Great Prior to ſend their Highneſſes back to *Genoa* on board the ſame Galley that brought them to *Marſeilles*. However, the Duke of *Orleans* took Opportunity to ſend his Siſter a round Sum of Money, ſufficient to wipe the Tears from her Eyes.

Death. A few Days ſince died, far advanced in Years, Capt. *Jabez Singleton*, who ſerv'd upwards of 47 Years in the Royal Navy.

MONDAY, *October* 14.

On Thurſday laſt a Book-keeper to a certain Merchant being arreſted for a Debt of about 7 l. hanged himſelf at the Officer's Houſe in *Red Lion ſtreet, Holborn.*

The ſame Day a Maſter Shoe-maker in *Catharine ſtreet* in the *Strand*, went to a Pond in the long Field leading towards *Tottenham-Court*, and threw himſelf into the ſame, in order to drown himſelf; but ſome Perſons coming ſoon to his Aſſiſtance, took him out before he expired; but he has cut his Throat in ſo dangerous a Manner, that it is thought he cannot ſurvive.

On Friday laſt the Duke of *Bolton*'s Horſe beat Mr. *Panton*'s Houſe at *Newmarket*, four Miles for 200 Guineas.

On Saturday laſt Alderman *Parſons* arrived here from *France:* He hunted with the King of *France* laſt Saturday Se'nnight, and had great Honours paid him by that Monarch.

Some malicious Perſons having on the 4th, 6th, and 7th of *September* laſt, cut and wounded two Mares and a Gelding of the Right Hon. the Earl of *Exeter*, in the Park and Cloſes at *Burghley* near *Stanford* in *Northamptonſhire*; his Majeſty, for the better Diſcovery of the Perſons concern'd in ſo villainous an Act, has promiſed his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of the Perſons concern'd therein, on his diſcovering of his Accomplices; and the Earl of *Exeter* has promiſed a Reward of thirty Guineas, to be paid on the Conviction of any of the Perſons concern'd in ſo cruel an Act.

The famous Singer, *Farinelli*, who is juſt arrived here from *Italy*, has contracted with the Noblemen Subſcribers, to ſing at the Opera-Houſe in the *Haymarket* 50 Nights, for 1500 Guineas and a Benefit.

The Biſhop of *Namure* hath been ſeveral Times with his Majeſty ſince his Arrival from *Vienna.*

That Prelate is lodg'd at General *Diemar*'s Houſe at *Sutton-Court* in *Chiſwick* for the preſent: It is ſaid by ſome that he will ſoon take upon him a publick Character.

Robbery. A few Days ago as one Capt. *Leath* was returning from *London* to his Lodgings at *Chelſea*, he was attacked about Seven o'Clock at Night in the Five Fields by three Foot-pads, who took from him 40 s. in Silver, a Gold-headed Hanger valued at about 15 Guineas, and beat and abus'd him in a very violent Manner, and then made off a-croſs the Fields.

Death. Yeſterday at Noon died, at his Houſe in *Roſemary-Lane*, Sir *William Ogborne*, Knt. Maſter-Carpenter to the Office of his Majeſty's Ordnance, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, Colonel of a Regiment of the Militia of the *Tower-Hamlets*, one of the Elder Brothers of the *Trinity Houſe*, and Sheriff of *London* in the Year 1726.

TUESDAY, *October* 15.

On Sunday laſt Proclamation was made in *Smithfield*, that no Cattle ſhould be brought in there for Monday's Market till after One o'Clock on Monday Morning; for they uſed to bring them in all Sunday Night, to the great Diſturbance of the Neighbourhood; and on Sunday Night the Conſtables had great Trouble in keeping out the Drovers with their Beaſts; but the Inhabitants are determin'd to oppoſe ſuch a Practice.

Yeſterday Mr. *Selwin* took the Oaths at *Guildhall* to qualify himſelf for the Place of Receiver-General of the Land-Tax for the City of *London* and County of *Middleſex.*

Letters from *Briſtol* ſay, that ſeveral Factors for the Grocers and Sugar-Bakers from *London*, have been down there to purchaſe Sugars, to ſend to Town; the Riſe on that Commodity being a mere Trifle in that City, in Compariſon to what it is in *London.*

The Letters from *Dantzick* by Sunday's Poſt ſay, it was written thither from *Koningsberg*, that the General Count *Munich*, who lately commanded the Czarina's Forces at the Siege of *Dantzick*, being at *Memel* in *Courland*, on his Return to *Peterſburg*, had ſome high Words there with the Major-General Baron *de Lubras*, who is likewiſe in the *Ruſſian* Service; and that thoſe two Generals fought a Duel, wherein Count *Munich* happen'd to be kill'd. The Letters from *Koningsberg* mention this News as certain; but the *Dantzickers* juſtly remark, that it was near three Weeks ſince the Count ſet out for *Petersburg*; ſo that if it be true, that General muſt have made ſome Stop by the Way, which is not very probable.

Some Advices from the *Rhine* would perſuade us, the Fortreſs of *Fribourg* is not yet ſecure from Attack; but others judge the Campaign there to be at an End, as it certainly muſt, if it be true what they write, that ſome Thouſands of *French* are order'd to march from thence to *Italy.*

The Letters from Abroad in general begin to ſpeak very dubiouſly of the Succeſs of the Negotiations that have been ſet on Foot with the kindly View of reſtoring the Peace of *Europe:* But it is written from *Germany*, that in caſe they do not ſo far take Effect, as to put a Stop to the War, *Great Britain* will certainly declare for the Emperor.

By a Letter from *Calais*, dated *Oct.* 21, we have an Account, that they were making great Rejoicings, by ſinging *Te Deum* for the Victory obtain'd over the *Imperialiſts* in *Italy*; but at the ſame Time they agree, that in both Battles their Loſs was equal, only they had the Honour of keeping the Field.

There were at *Calais* ſix large *Engliſh* Veſſels loaded with Wheat, bound for *Italy*; but the Commanders were obliged to give Bond not to deliver any into the Emperor's Ports,

The Elector of *Bavaria*'s Forces having been lately augmented, by incorporating ſome of the Militia with his *Veteran* Regiments, conſiſt at preſent of 22,000 Foot and 18,000 Horſe.

They write from the *Hague*, that the States of *Holland* were to deliberate on Wedneſday laſt on a Propoſition laid before them for augmenting their Forces with ſeveral thouſand Men, and for fitting out eight Men of War to have ready againſt the Spring. The Commiſſioners of the Admiralty were then attending at the *Hague* by Order of the States, to be examin'd concerning the Condition of the *Dutch* Navy, and to receive ſuch Directions as they might give with Relation thereto.

The Reaſons which the King of *Denmark* has given to the Dyet of *Ratiſbon*, for the new Cauſe of Diſguſt he has taken at the *Hamburghers*, and for ſeizing their Ships, *&c.* is to this Effect, 'That when his Majeſty review'd 'laſt Summer at *Altena* the Part of his Troops appointed 'to join the *Imperial* Army on the *Rhine*, the *Hamburghers* publiſh'd falſely and invidiouſly, that he had Deſigns againſt their City or Territories, and upon that 'Surmiſe implor'd the Aid of ſeveral Foreign Princes; 'that whilſt he ſtay'd at *Altena*, and gave them a 'proper Opportunity to make up old Differences, they 'never made the leaſt Advance of Submiſſion to him; 'wherefore he has taken their Ships, and ſent them to '*Norway* to remain in Sequeſtration till he can obtain Satisfaction, *&c.*'

The *Holland* Mail which arrived Yeſterday, placing the Armies in their old Poſts, could bring nothing very material. The Politicians abroad will tantalize the Publick with the Hopes of an Accommodation this Winter; tho' for our Part we confeſs we do not at preſent ſee any great Ground for it.

From *Paris* they write, that King *Staniſlaus*'s Affairs are in a very proſperous Train, as will appear very ſhortly. Yet they are not ſure of a Peace, nor will they ſpeak poſitively about it, till the Conferences are open'd at *Fontainebleau.*

The Incendiaries are got into *Switzerland.* Its Neighbourhood to *Italy* makes that Country a Refuge for Deſerters from both Armies, and theſe are ſuſpected of that flagitious Crime. They write Letters to Monied Men to lay ſo much for them at ſuch a Place, upon Pain of Fire and Sword. The Magiſtrates offer a Reward of 100 Ducats for the apprehending any of thoſe Villains.

Letters from *Naples* mention, that the Count *de Traun*, Governor of *Capua*, has lately play'd off a Stratagem upon the *Spaniſh* Troops which inveſt that Place, whereby 500 were kill'd and 600 wounded. That Officer having lately found Means to run up three ſmall Forts without his Walls, to favour his Sallies, on the 21ſt at Night pitch'd on a Spot of Ground proper for his Project, and convey'd thither ſecretly ſeveral Pieces of Ordnance; when all was ready, he appear'd with about 600 Men, and made a Shew as if he was throwing up Ground to raiſe ſome new Fortification; whereupon a Party of *Spaniards* to the Number of 1500 Men, came immediately to attack them. The *Germans*, after a ſhort Skirmiſh, pretended to give Ground, and by that Means drew on the Enemy, who advanc'd with great Eagerneſs, but were receiv'd with ſuch a general Diſcharge of the Artillery loaded with Partridge Shot, and with ſuch a warm Fire likewiſe from the Muſquetry, that the *Spaniards* fled back with great Precipitation, leaving the Number of Dead and Wounded above-mention'd. A few Days before the Execution of this Project, Count *Traun*, with a Detachment of his Garriſon, intercepted a Convoy of 40 Waggons coming from *Naples* to the *Spaniſh* Camp, laden with Ammunition and Proviſions, and a Sum of 70,000 Ducats into the Bargain.

They write from *Peterſburg*, that the *Britiſh* and *Dutch* Miniſters having interceded with the Czarina in Behalf of the Marquiſs *de Monti*, her Majeſty very obligingly put into their Hands, by Way of Anſwer, a Writing, tending to prove that that Gentleman had no Pretenſion to be indulg'd the Privileges of a publick Miniſter; their Excellencies had at the ſame Time ſeveral other Papers deliver'd

to them, relating to the Treatment of the *Ruſſian* Sailors by the *French*, when they were taken out of the *Ruſſian* Frigate and clapt under Hatches; as likewiſe an Extract of the Account ſent into *France*, touching the Attack of the *Ruſſian* Intrenchments before *Dantzick*.

We hear that the *Britiſh*, *Dutch*, and *Ruſſian* Miniſters, apply aſſiduouſly to the King of *Denmark* in Favour of the *Hamburghers*, and that they have prevail'd on his *Daniſh* Majeſty to recall his Ships that were cruizing at the Mouth of the *Elbe*, and to leave the Navigation of that River for the future unmoleſted.

Orders have been ſent to the Commanders of all the Ships of War, not to impreſs any more Sailors.

Sir *John Norris* has taken up his Reſidence in the Houſe of the late Mr. *Ridge* at *Portſmouth*.

The Fortifications of *Portſmouth* are repairing, and new Works adding with Diligence, and are in a great Meaſure finiſhed.

'Tis ſaid that 30,000 Seamen will be employ'd in the Service of *Great Britain* the next Year.

On Monday next her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of *Orange* will ſet out for *Harwich*, and there embark for *Helvoetſluys*, in order to meet his Highneſs the Prince.

The Yachts are ordered round to *Harwich*, to receive her Royal Highneſs.

Deaths. On Sunday died the Lady of Col. *Montagu*, Brother to the Earl of *Halifax*.——By private Letters from *Jamaica* we learn, that on the 21ſt of *June* laſt died there, *Thomas How*, Eſq; Attorney-General of that Iſland.

WEDNESDAY, *October* 16.

Letters from the *Imperial* Army in *Italy* of the 6th Inſtant, N. S. adviſe, that Count *Konigsegg* having receiv'd a Reinforcement of 6000 Men, and an Order from *Vienna* to attack the Allies, let the Conſequence be what it would, had left the *Seraglio*, and was advanc'd towards the *Oglio*, with a Deſign to attempt a Paſſage, and bring the Allies to an Action, who were lining the other Side of that River.

Letters from *Italy* of the 8th Inſtant give an Account, that upon the Approach of the *Imperial* Army to the *Oglio*, M. *de Maillebois*, who was before *Mirandola*, had abandoned the Siege, and was ordered to join the main Army of the *French* with his Body of Troops.

Preferments. The Rev. Dr. *Thomas Tenniſon*, is made Chancellor of the Dioceſe of *Oxford*, in the room of the Right Hon. the Lord *Talbot*, late Chancellor of the Dioceſe.

Death. On Saturday died, at his Seat at *Kingsbury* in *Warwickſhire*, *John Cotton*, Eſq; His Lady now lies at the Point of Death.

Bankrupts. Francis Bradſhaw, of *Hind-Court* in *Fleet-ſtreet*, *London*, Sadler and Chapman.——*Charles Perier*, of the Pariſh of St. *Paul*, *Covent-Garden*, in the County of *Middleſex*, Goldſmith.——*Edward Oakes*, of *Rainow* in the County of *Cheſter*, Chapman.——*William Miller*, of the Pariſh of St. *John* in *Southwark* in the County of *Surrey*, Innholder and Chapman.

THURSDAY, *October* 17.

They write from *Rotterdam* of the 22d of *October*, N.S. that on the Sunday Afternoon preceding, arriv'd there a Tranſport of *Saltzburghers*, deſign'd for *Georgia*; and altho' the Magiſtrates oblige all Foreign Tranſports to ſtay about a Mile out of Town, upon Application made by his *Britannick* Majeſty's Agent, and the Conductor of them, they were immediately admitted. They expected to ſail the firſt fair Wind for *Graveſend*; but if that ſhould not happen till after the following Sunday, the *Engliſh* Epiſcopal Miniſter there has invited the Clergyman who attended them from *Augsburg* to the Uſe of his Pulpit, to give the *Saltzburghers* a *German* Sermon; with which Compliment they ſeem very much pleaſed.

On Monday came an Expreſs from the *Imperial* Army in *Italy*, with Advice that Capt. *Hales*, Son of Sir *John Hales*, of *Tunſtal* in *Kent*, Bart. and Capt. of a Company of Grenadiers in *Staremberg*'s Regiment of Foot in the Emperor's Service, was lately ſhot dead in his Tent, by the accidental Diſcharge of his Fuzil. At the Beginning of the Campaign he narrowly eſcap'd being drowned croſſing the *Po*, for attempting to ſwim over it on Horſeback, the Rapidity of the Stream bore him off his Horſe, and being almoſt ſpent, one of his Grenadiers, who perceiv'd it, plung'd into the Water, and catching him by the Hair, ſwam with him to Shore. He was of the Party that with the late Count *de Merci* threw themſelves upon the *French* at the late Battle of *Parma:* He was alſo preſent at the Surprize on Marſhal *Broglio*'s Quarters, where he made a rich Booty; and was afterwards amongſt the thickeſt of the Fire at the Battle of *Guaſtalla*.

On Wedneſday laſt ten Horſes ſtarted at *Kingston* for the 20l. Plate: Before the Drum beat for Starting for the firſt Heat, ſeven went off by Miſtake, and ran once round the Courſe, and were afterwards oblig'd to ſtart with the others for the Plate, which was won by Mr. *Lawrence*'s Bay Mare, who diſtanc'd ſix of them the firſt Heat, and came firſt in the ſecond Heat.

The *Duke of Cambridge*, Capt. *Durell*, bound from *Rotterdam* to the *Streights*, was lately loſt on the Coaſt of *Holland*.

The Augmentation of the eight Regiments lately arrived in this Kingdom from *Ireland*, is to be compleated by the 24th Inſtant. And

They talk of one Man to be added to every Troop and Company in the ſeveral Regiments of Horſe, Foot and Dragoons of *Great Britain*; but of no new Regiments to be rais'd.

The States of *Holland* have conſented, without Guaranty, to the Demand of the Town of *Dantzick*, to borrow in their Country, 200,000 Crowns, at 5 *per Cent.* aſſigning the Cuſtoms of the Town for the Payment of the Intereſt and Capital, the Reimburſement of the ſaid Capital to begin only after five Years, and to be intirely reimburs'd at the End of nine Years; and tho' there be no Guaranty of the States, that Sum is already ſubſcribed at *Amſterdam*.

Preferment. On Sunday laſt *Philip Roberts*, Eſq; Son of Major *Roberts*, firſt Major in the ſecond Troop of Horſe-Guards, and Nephew to the Lord *Lovell*, kiſs'd the King's Hand on his being made Page of Honour, in the room of *John Fitzwilliams*, Eſq; deceaſed.——Yeſterday the Rev. Mr. *Tipping Silveſter*, M. A. of *Oxon*, was choſen Lecturer of St *Bartholomew the Great*, in the room of Mr. *Piddington*, deceaſed.

Marriage. Some Time ſince *Gerard Van Neck*, Eſq; late one of the Directors of the *Eaſt-India* Company, was married to the Relict of the late Sir *Dennis Dutrey*, Bart. a Fortune of 100,000 l. She was Daughter of Mr. *Hillary Reneu*, an eminent and wealthy Merchant of *Bourdeaux* in *France*, who was forc'd into *England* by the Perſecution of the *Proteſtants* in that Kingdom.

Deaths. Letters from *Bath* mention, that on Saturday died, at his Houſe in *Queen-Square*, *Edmund Hutchinſon*, Eſq; formerly a *Briſtol* Merchant.——Yeſterday died, at his Houſe in *James-ſtreet*, *Covent-Garden*, Mr. *James Radcliff*, a near Relation to the Earl of *Derwentwater*.—On Thurſday died Mr. *Edward James*, an eminent Attorney of *Glouceſter*.

FRIDAY, *October* 18.

Yeſterday the Seſſions ended at the *Old Bailey*, when the two following Perſons received Sentence of Death, *viz. John Butler*, for breaking open the Houſe of Mr. *Lucas* in *Red-Lion-ſtreet*, *Clerkenwell*, and ſtealing thence Goods to a great Value; and *Elizabeth Pugh*, for the Murder of her Fellow-Servant, *Richard Ward*.

Iſaac Burridge, *Roger Arnold*, and *Sarah Pembroke*, Servants of the late unhappy Mr. *Cantillon*, who were ſuppoſed to be concerned in murdering the ſaid Mr. *Cantillon*, their Maſter, and ſetting his Houſe on Fire, are this Day to be bailed before the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, they not being able to take their Trials, *Burridge* being dangerouſly ill of the Small-Pox, and *Arnold* ſick of the Jail Diſtemper. About 16 were caſt for Tranſportation, and 25 acquitted.

Yeſterday ſeveral of the Prime Nobility, and other Perſons of Diſtinction, waited on her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of *Orange*, to pay their Compliments on their taking Leave of her Highneſs.

We hear her Majeſty has made a Preſent of an extraordinary fine Suit of Child-bed Linnen, of great Value, to her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of *Orange*.

We hear that about fifty *Scotch* Noblemen are preparing to come to Town againſt the Meeting of the Parliament.

We are inform'd that a Fleet of ſixty Sail of the Line will be fitted out early in the Spring.

At a General Court of the *York-Buildings* Company held Yeſterday, a Plan of an Agreement between the Company and their Creditors, for giving them a Satisfaction for their reſpective Debts, was unanimouſly agreed upon, and ordered to be put in Execution.

Preferments. Laſt Week *Thomas Wilkins*, Eſq; Serjeant at Arms to his Majeſty, was choſen (at three ſeveral Nominations) a Burgeſs, Alderman, and Mayor of the Corporation of *Brackley* in *Northamptonſhire*.——The Hon. *Othniel Haggot*, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Council in *Barbados*, is appointed Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer there, in the room of the Hon. *Thomas Beckles*, Eſq; deceaſed.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Hague, October 19.

THE important Affair of the Pacification of all *Europe* is now at a Stand, being ſuſpended by the Anſwers of the Courts engaged in the War; who all proteſt, that there is nothing they ſo ardently deſire as Peace, but act as if they were quite averſe to it. This was doubtleſs obſerved by the Powers that endeavoured to reconcile them, who were yet to ſeek for the Conditions upon which to conciliate their Intereſts, which appear ſo diſtant, that one might as well pretend to join the two Extremes without the Uſe of a Medium. To ſpeak the Truth, it is very likely, that the pacifick Powers were always of the Opinion, that they ſhould not ſucceed; but the Situation of this Republick at the Breaking out of the War, not permitting her to engage therein, the Court of *Great Britain* might judge it prudent to have a little Patience, and not to ruſh into the Field without her. Do the *Engliſh* then, *you will aſk*, think themſelves ever the more invincible, for being in our Company? Not at all: But their Jealouſy upon another Account (Trade) will not permit them to ſuffer us to remain in Peace when they are engaged in War, for fear our Merchants ſhould introduce themſelves into Ports where the *Engliſh* have at preſent ſuch good Births. Thus the Court of *England* ſeemed at leaſt to enter into the Views of the *Hollanders*, in order to draw them into theirs; and we are told, that at length that deſirable Point is gained, and that the two Maritime Powers having taken into Conſideration all the dreadful Conſequences of the too great Power of the Houſe of *Bourbon*, are now going to take Meaſures in Concert, to enable them to ſay to her, *Hitherto ſhalt thou go, and no further*. The Time preſſes; but it is to be hoped, that if ſuch a ſalutary Reſolution be taken, it is not taken too late. *Spain* has been three Years making an Eſſay of her Forces, and is acquainted with the full Extent of them. The King of *France*, who formerly took no Pleaſure but in the Chace, begins to accuſtom himſelf to the deluding Surname of *Conqueror*. What ought we not to fear from the United Power of thoſe two Monarchs, who ſeeing themſelves Maſters of three of the richeſt, moſt populous, and moſt powerful Parts of *Europe*, *Italy*, *France* and *Spain*, which are contiguous to each other, without any Interval between, may, when once they find themſelves in peaceable Poſſeſſion, take their Meaſures, and pretend to give Laws to *Europe*? The Councils of *England* are too vigilant, to ſuffer themſelves to be lulled aſleep: *France* may go on with her Declarations, that ſhe deſires no Conqueſts, that ſhe has no Thoughts of enlarging her Territories, *&c.* What matters it to the reſt of *Europe*, whether *France* or *Spain* keeps what they take from the Emperor, provided it reſts in the Houſe of *Bourbon*? That is enough for the reſt of *Europe*, and ſufficient Cauſe of Inquietude. All the Reaſons they had at *Utrecht* for clipping the Wings of the Crown of *Spain* upon the Head of a *Bourbon*, do ſtill ſubſiſt, and more apparently now than then. It remains for thoſe Powers, who are the Depoſitaries of the Balance of *Europe*, to take Care, *ne quid detrimenti Reſpublica capiat*.

Extract of our Private Letters from Paris.

We have certain Advice from our different Ports, that Men work Day and Night, as well in building ſeveral new Men of War, as in repairing ſuch of the Old as may be made fit for Service, the Court deſigning to have 50 Ships of the Line at Sea next Spring. The ſame Diligence is by all Accounts uſed in the Ports of *Spain*, to make a conſiderable Addition to their Navy, that our combined Maritime Force may be ſufficient againſt all Events. Some will have it, that the King of *Spain* has nominated the young Chevalier *de St. George* his Admiral-General, with a prodigious Salary; but they do not ſay whether it is of the Armada of *Spain*, or of the two *Sicilies:* Take it which Way you will, the Story is incredible; eſpecially as there is not at preſent a Rupture between *Great Britain* and *Spain*.

The Court is terribly afraid, that the Succours which the Count *de la Lippe*, the Emperor's Lieutenant-General, is conducting into *Italy*, will arrive in the *Imperial* Camp before thoſe we are ſending to our Army: And we are perſuaded, that in that Caſe, Count *Konigsegg*, who does not ſeem to be in a Humour to let any Opportunity ſlip, but wakes when *Broglio* ſleeps, will not fail to paſs the *Oglio*, and either come to a deciſive Battle, or penetrate into the *Milaneze*, and lay it under Contribution, or take up his Quarters there, from whence there is nothing to hinder his *Huſſars* from penetrating into *Piedmont*. It is ſaid, we have 40,000 Men in *Italy*, and the *Imperialiſts* but 25,000. What, can we never fight them, till we have Two to One?

Petersburg, October 1. The three *French* Regiments brought into this Country from *Dantzick*, have quitted their Quarters at *Cronſtat*, and are come to a Place marked out for them at a little Diſtance from this City, where the Czarina has permitted them to encamp, having ordered them to be furniſhed with Tents and other Neceſſaries for that Purpoſe. Both Officers and Soldiers enjoy all Manner of Conveniences, and appear equally delighted with the Sweets of their Captivity, and ſurprized at the generous and polite Treatment they meet with: They mount Guard every Day in their Camp, and perform their Exerciſes.

Conſtantinople, Sept. 2. The Peace between the *Turks* and *Perſians* is not yet concluded; but in all Appearance it will ſoon. The former are determined to reſtore all their new Conqueſts in *Perſia*; and it is upon this Ground, that the Grand Seignior has made Propoſals of Peace to *Thamas Kouli Kan*. That General readily accepted them, and has ſent an Ambaſſador hither with full Powers to treat and conclude the ſame. The Prime Vizir thought it prudent, however, to ſtop that Miniſter in the Suburbs, and not ſuffer him to parade it through the City, leſt the Populace, who are ſo averſe to the War of *Perſia*, ſhould offer him ſome Affront. Nevertheleſs, the Vizir looks upon the Concluſion of this Peace as a Thing of ſo great Importance, that no Application will be wanting to remove the Obſtacles that may be thrown in its Way. He foreſees that the Reſtitution of the *Perſian* Conqueſts will open his Enemies a large Field for Clamour; to prevent the Conſequences whereof, he cautiouſly ſends away the moſt likely Perſons to raiſe Tumults. Some have been ſeized for publickly blaming the Conduct of the Government, and talking ſeditiouſly; and moſt of theſe have unfortunately loſt their Heads. There is ſince come out an Edict, whereby all ſuch Perſons as have not been Inhabitants of this City above ten Years, are ordered to depart within a limited Time, upon Pain of Corporal Puniſhment. The Prime Vizir is equally careful to remove all ſuch Governors and Officers, as he any Ways ſuſpects or diſtruſts: But of the *Janizaries* he has not the leaſt Dread or Apprehenſion: They are his faſt Friends. Their Affection is, however, the Price of his Liberality towards them. The military Preparations are now carrying on in good Earneſt on the Side of *Europe*. *Bender* to the *North*, and *Niſſa* on the Skirts of *Hungary*, are newly fortified in the beſt and moſt regular Manner. All theſe Things, joined with ſome particular Circumſtances, makes it plain that the Porte has ſome great Deſign in View.

Liſbon, Sept. 19. His *Portugueſe* Majeſty is ſtrongly importun'd by divers Powers to enter into their Views; but Report will have it, that his Majeſty's Inclination leads him moſt towards the Court of *Vienna*, and that ſome Negotiations are actually on foot, which the Arrival of *Don Emanuel* will put a finiſhing Hand to: That Prince is daily expected here. The large Quantities of Diamonds brought from *Brazil* having ſunk the Price of Diamonds, the King has ordered the Mines to be fill'd up till further Orders.

Hanover, October 9. Count *Platen*, and the other Noblemen of this Electorate, who ſerv'd as Volunteers in the *Imperial* Army on the *Rhine*, are return'd hither. They write from *Vienna*, that when Count *Palfi* arrived at *Halbturn* from *Italy* with News of the Surprize upon Marſhal *Broglio*'s Quarters, the Count found the Emperor walking in a little Meadow near the Palace, and throwing himſelf at his Feet, his *Imperial* Majeſty rais'd him up, and embracing him, preſented him with a Ring off his own Finger. This Action it ſeems was occaſion'd by one of the *French* Spies, who being detected on the 14th of *September*, and on the Point of being hung up, ſqueak'd for his Life, and diſcover'd the State and Situation of the Enemy's Army, adding, that the King of *Sardinia* having that Day entertain'd all the General Officers at Dinner, repeated ſeveral Times in Converſation, that the *Secchia* was fordable, and mention'd ſome of the Places where it was ſo, which the *Imperialiſts*, in the Expedition they undertook the ſucceeding Night, found his *Sardinian* Majeſty had been very rightly inform'd of.

Paris, October 15. The Marquis *de Caraman*, and Mr. *de Leſcault*, Commiſſary of War, who were taken Priſoners the 15th, and conducted to *Mantua*, having been releas'd by the *Imperialiſts* upon their Parole, arriv'd here t'other Day. They very much extol the *Germans*, for their polite Behaviour to them whilſt they were detain'd at *Mantua*. Some Accounts from *Italy* make the *Imperial* Army to conſiſt of but 28,000 Men, and that of the Allies of near 40,000.

Berlin, October 16. On Tueſday laſt at Noon the Prince Royal arriv'd at *Potzdam*, as he was expected, where he found the Princeſs his Conſort. The Phyſicians have at laſt told his *Pruſſian* Majeſty, that there are no Hopes of his Recovery, of which the King being but too ſenſible himſelf, he receiv'd that Declaration like a Perſon well prepar'd to die. By his Majeſty's Order, the Miniſter of the Garriſon Church at *Potzdam* comes to him regularly twice or three Times a Day; and all Accounts agree, that his *Pruſſian* Majeſty is quiet and eaſy, and perfectly reſign'd to the Will of Providence. The Complication of Diſtempers which his *Pruſſian* Majeſty had upon him, has at laſt turn'd into a Dropſy. From his Head down to the Pit of his Stomach he is grown a perfect Skeleton, and his lower Parts are much ſwell'd, and within theſe few Days he has had no Feeling in his Legs. The only Care of the Phyſicians is how to eaſe him a little, and prolong his Days the moſt they can, the utmoſt Period of which, they continue to ſay, cannot exceed this Month.

Paris, October 11. By the King's late Order for augmenting the Navy, 'tis reckon'd his Majeſty will be able to ſhew at Sea next Year near 60 Ships of the Line. Some Frigates are to ſail out of hand to join our eight Men of War that lie at *Cadiz*: The *Spaniſh* Fleet whom they are to unite with will conſiſt of 33 Men of War; the Admiral Ship carries 114 Guns, and the Number of Mariners to be employ'd on board this Fleet will amount to 16570 Men. We are perſuaded this Naval Armament will be employ'd on ſome great Deſign, unleſs a general Pacification takes Place and prevents it; this is what People begin to talk of very much of late; after the Reſult of the Conferences now holden at *Fontainebleau* probably we may be able to ſpeak with more Certainty on that Subject. The preſent Situation of Affairs in *Lombardy* plainly denotes the War in that Kingdom, which we reckon'd but inconſiderable, by the Equality of the two Armies, to become, in a Manner, of the laſt Importance. The King is going to make a Promotion of General Officers, when 'tis not doubted but the Prince of *Tingri* and Count *de Belle Iſle* will be made Marſhals of *France*. A Report goes that *Mirandola* has already ſurrender'd. 'Tis ſaid the Deſign form'd at *Rome* of ſending the young Chevalier *de St. George* hither will not take Place; ſome pretend that his Excellency the Lord *Waldegrave* has had a Conference with the King's Miniſters on that Head; but we doubt much the Truth of it. Purſuant to a Propoſal from Prince *Eugene* an Exchange of Priſoners will be made in a Month or ſix Weeks, a Cartel is drawing up for that Purpoſe.

Hague, October 19. The Offer of Mediation which the States, in Conjunction with the King of *Great Britain*, have made the Emperor, cauſes no Manner of Alteration in the Diſcourſe of Count *d'Uſeildth*, who ſtill talks the Language his *Imperial* Majeſty has taught him, and inſiſts upon it, that the Maritime Powers ought to aſſiſt the Empire with the Succours ſtipulated in their Treaties, His Excellency carries this to ſuch a Length, that he declar'd in a late Converſation, that if their High-Mightineſſes were reſolv'd to abandon the Emperor to the Diſcretion of his Enemies, they could have no room to complain if he endeavour'd to put an End to ſo heavy and unequal a War on the beſt Terms he could, and that they muſt thank themſelves if the Conditions were not much calculated for their High-Mightineſſes Advantage. This Expreſſion is taken here as a Sort of Threat, that unleſs we ſpeedily join the Emperor, he ſhould be induc'd to make advantagious Offers to *France* or *Spain* with relation to the *Netherlands*; and 'tis highly credible, that his *Imperial* Majeſty may be induc'd to try all Methods to draw the one from the Alliance, or to make the other ſome Equivalent for reſtoring the Dominions in *Italy*: But as our Neighbours are very near as much concern'd as ourſelves, in the Conſequence of having a good Barrier for this Republick, we are confident they have too great an Influence in the preſent State of Affairs, to ſuffer any Steps to be taken prejudicial to our common Intereſt.

Our Letters from the North make mention of the ſurprizing Activity of Count *Puniatowſki* and Prince *Czartoriſki*, in the Service of King *Auguſtus*: Theſe Gentlemen were in the Intereſt of *Staniſlaus* till the Reduction of *Dantzick*, but now have the ſole Management of King *Auguſtus*'s Affairs: To their Counſels is owing his Majeſty's intended Journey to *Warſaw*, and the Deſign of publiſhing a General Amneſty, which, aſſiſted by their Intrigues, cannot fail to diſſolve the Confederacies made in favour of King *Staniſlaus*.

Our Letters from *Paris* frankly own, that the Accounts of the Dead and Wounded in the late Actions in *Italy*, as firſt publiſh'd in *France*, were cook'd up to ſuit the Palates of the People. 'Tis added, that the Court of *Fontainbleau* were in ſome Pain, leſt Count *Konigsegg* ſhould receive all his Reinforcements before our Succours arrive in the Allied Army; in which Caſe 'tis not doubted but the *Imperialiſts* will attempt a deciſive Engagement. The Troops of the Allies are in no very good Condition, and have ſcarce any but young Officers.

Bruſſels, October 14. M. *Strickland*, Biſhop of *Namur*, having obtained of the Emperor the firſt Cardinal's Cap in the Nomination of his *Imperial* Majeſty, ſet out laſt Week for *London*, charged, as 'tis ſaid, with a particular Commiſſion from the Emperor.

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Glorious Things are ſpoken of thee, O City of God. Selah. Pſal. lxxxvii. 3.

Who among you will give Ear to this? Who will hearken and hear for the Time to come? Iſa. xlii. 23.

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